

RTQ170N100

1700V N-Channel Silicon Carbide Power MOSFET

1. Applications

Asymmetrical Bridge
Converter
Inverter
Single Switch Forward
Flyback

2. Features

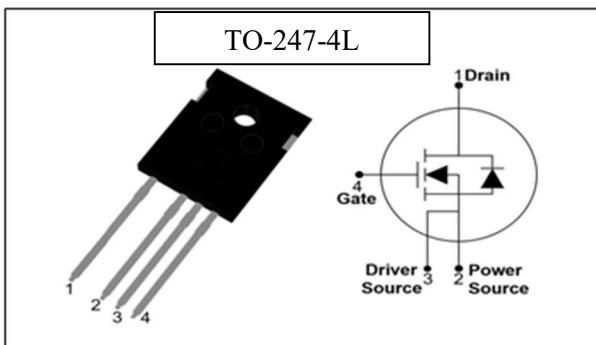
Low drain-source on-resistance: $R_{DS(ON)} = 100\text{m}\Omega$ (typ.)
Easy to control Gate switching
Enhancement mode: $V_{th} = 2$ to 4 V

Table 1 Key Performance Parameters

Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{DS} @ T_{j,max}$	1700	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	130	$\text{m}\Omega$
$Q_{g,typ}$	74	nC
$I_{D,pulse}$	73	A

3. Packaging and Internal Circuit

Part Name	Package	Marking
RTQ170N100	TO-247-4L	RTQ170N100



RTQ170N100

1 Maximum ratings

at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 2 Maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Continuous drain current ¹⁾	I_D	-	-	29	A	TC=25°C
		-	-	18	A	TC=100°C
Pulsed drain current ²⁾	$I_{D,pulse}$	-	-	73	A	TC=25°C
Gate source voltage (static)	V_{GS}	-10	-	22	V	static;
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	-	-	259	W	TC=25°C
Derating factor above 25°C		-	-	1.9	W/°C	
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55	-	175	°C	
Operating junction temperature	T_j	-55	-	175	°C	
Transconductance	GFS	-	6.5	-	S	VDS=20V IDS=20A
			5.5			VDS=20V IDS=20A, Tj=150°C

¹⁾ Limited by $T_{j,max}$. Maximum Duty Cycle $D = 0.50$

²⁾ Pulse width t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$

³⁾ Identical low side and high side switch with identical R_G

2 Thermal characteristics

Table 3 Thermal characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-	-	0.55	°C/W	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	R_{thJA}	-	-	63	°C/W	device on PCB, minimal footprint

3 Electrical characteristics

at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 4 Static characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	1700	-	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=100\mu A$
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{(GS)th}$	2	2.7	4	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=5mA$
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	-	-	100	μA	$V_{DS}=1700V, V_{GS}=0V$
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS+}	-	-	100	nA	$V_{GS}=22V, V_{DS}=0V$
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS-}	-	-	-100	nA	$V_{GS}=-10V, V_{DS}=0V$
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	100	130	$m\Omega$	$V_{GS}=18V, I_D=20A, T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$
			120			$V_{GS}=18V, I_D=20A, T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$
Gate resistance (Intrinsic)	R_G	-	4.5	-	Ω	$f=1MHz, \text{open drain}$

Table 5 Dynamic characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	-	1529	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=600V, f=1MHz$
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	-	95	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=600V, f=1MHz$
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}	-	17	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=600V, f=1MHz$
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	-	14.3	-	ns	$V_{DD}=800V, V_{GS}=15V, -V_{GS}=-4V$ $I_D=20A, R_G=0\Omega; L_{Load}=500\mu H,$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$
Rise time	t_r	-	42.6	-	ns	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	-	14	-	ns	
Fall time	t_f	-	11.8	-	ns	
Turn-on Switching Energy	E_{on}		629		μJ	
Turn-off Switching Energy	E_{off}		26		μJ	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	-	14	-	ns	
Rise time	t_r	-	35.6	-	ns	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	-	25.4	-	ns	
Fall time	t_f	-	11.8	-	ns	
Turn-on Switching Energy	E_{on}		611.7		μJ	
Turn-off Switching Energy	E_{off}		26.7		μJ	

Table 6 Gate charge characteristics

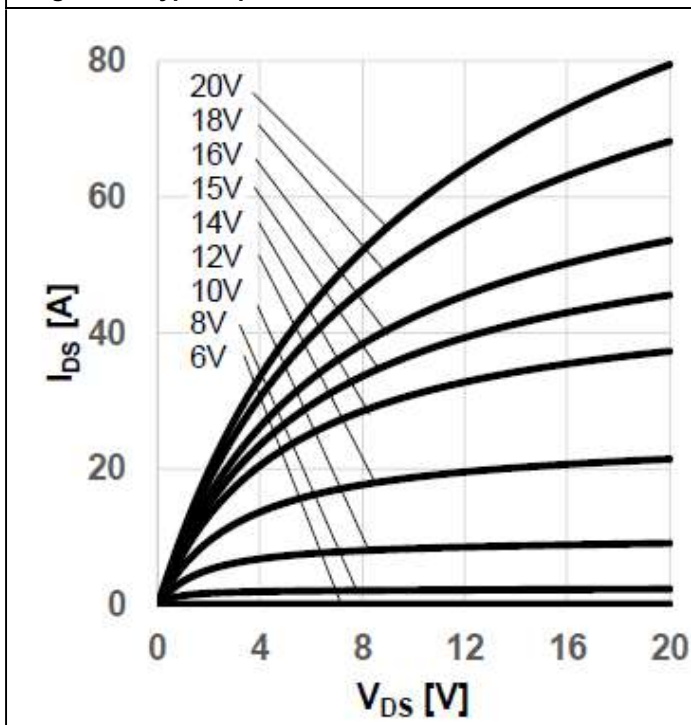
Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	-	18.5	-	nC	$V_{DD}=520V, I_D=10A, V_{GS}=16V$
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}	-	24.4	-	nC	$V_{DD}=520V, I_D=10A, V_{GS}=16V$
Gate charge total	Q_g	-	74	-	nC	$V_{DD}=520V, I_D=10A, V_{GS}=16V$

Table 7 Reverse diode characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Continuous Source Current	I_{SD}	-	-	29	A	
Diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	-	4.6	-	V	$I_S = 20A, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J=25^\circ C$
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	-	48	-	ns	$V_{DD}=800V, I_D=20A, +V_{GS}=+15V, -V_{GS}=-4V$ $L_{Load}=500\mu H, R_g=0\Omega, T_J=25^\circ C$
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	-	163	-	nC	
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}	-	5.74	-	A	
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	-	75.6	-	ns	$V_{DD}=800V, I_D=20A, +V_{GS}=+15V, -V_{GS}=-4V$ $L_{Load}=500\mu H, R_g=0\Omega, T_J=150^\circ C$
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	-	437	-	nC	
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}	-	7.67	-	A	

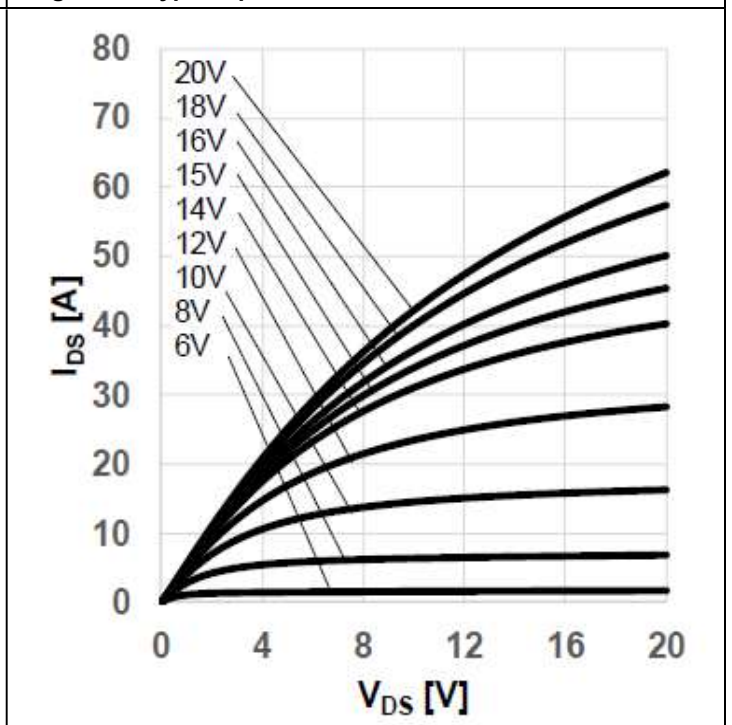
4 Electrical characteristics diagram

Diagram 1: Typ. output characteristics



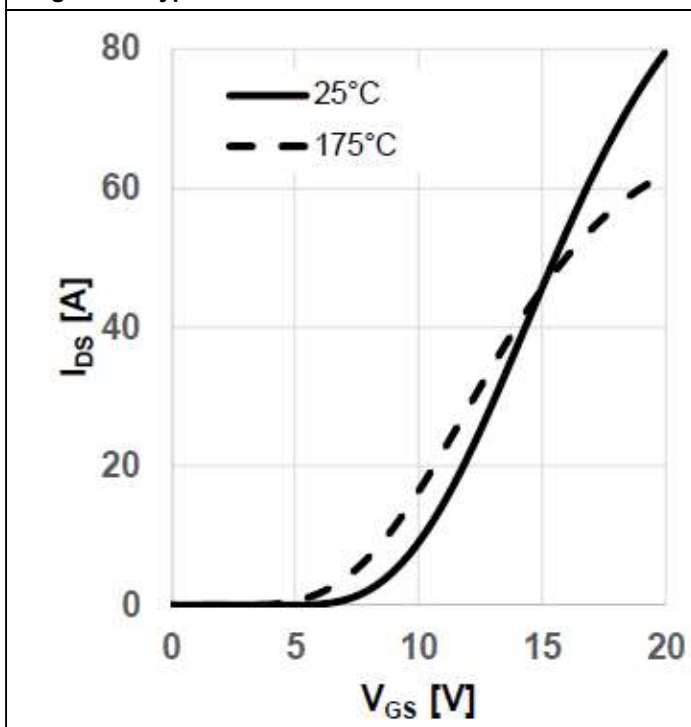
$I_D=f(V_{DS}); T_J=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 2: Typ. output characteristics



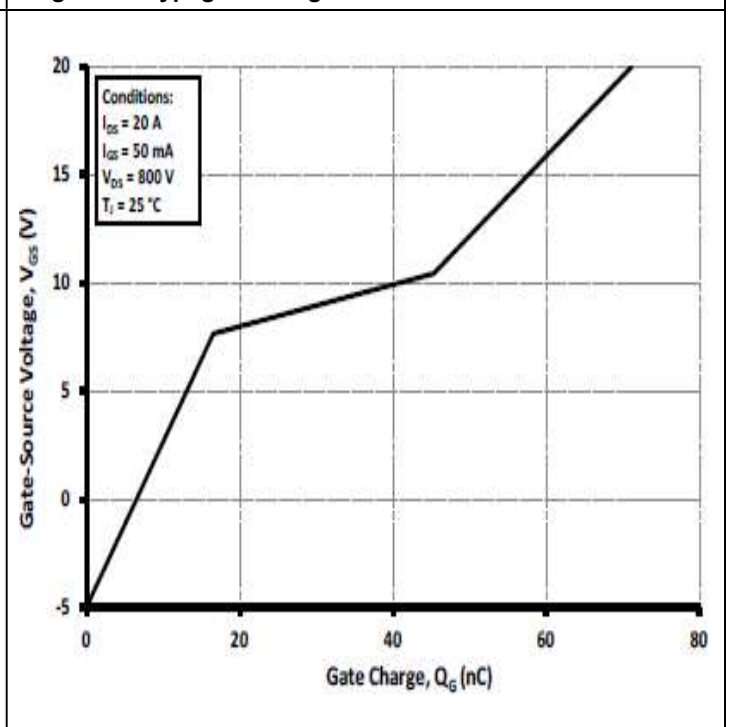
$I_D=f(V_{DS}); T_J=175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 3: Typ. transfer characteristics



$I_D=f(V_{GS}); V_{DS}=20\text{V}$; parameter: T_J

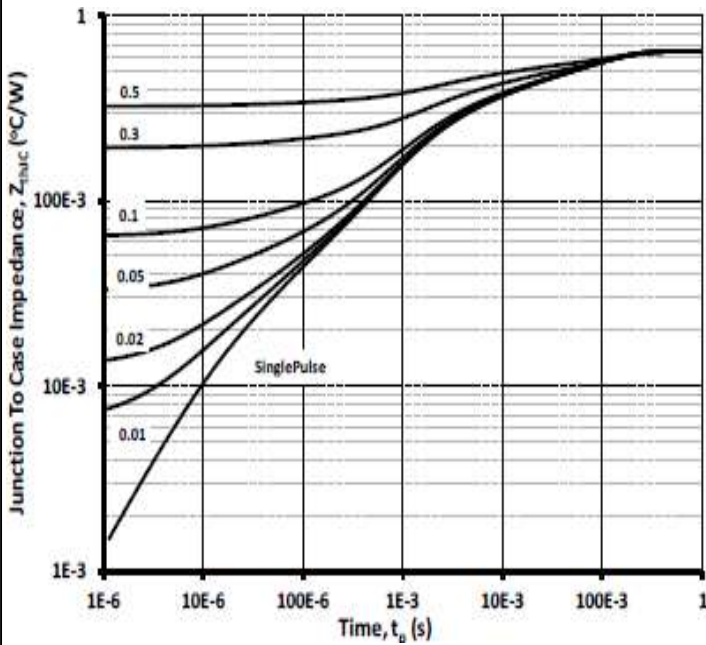
Diagram 4: Typ. gate charge



$V_{GS}=f(Q_{gate}); I_D=20\text{A}$; $V_{DS}=800\text{V}$; turn-on pulse

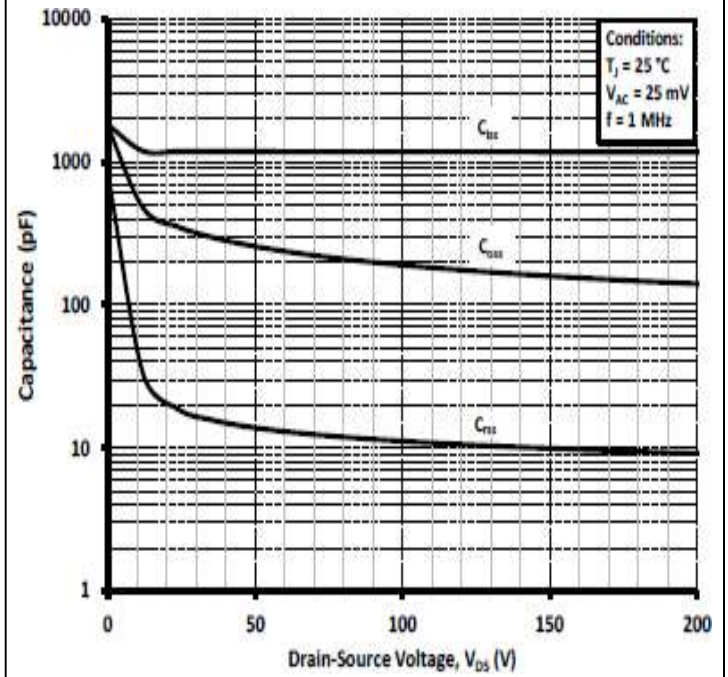
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Diagram 5: Max. transient thermal resistance(MOSFET/diodes)



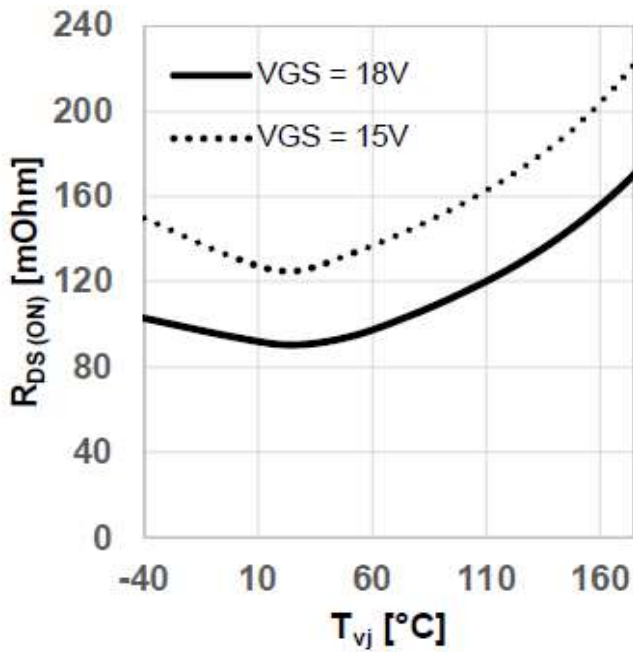
$$Z_{th(j-c,max)} = f(t_p), \text{ parameter } D = t_p/T$$

Diagram 6: Typ. Capacitance as a function of drain-source voltage



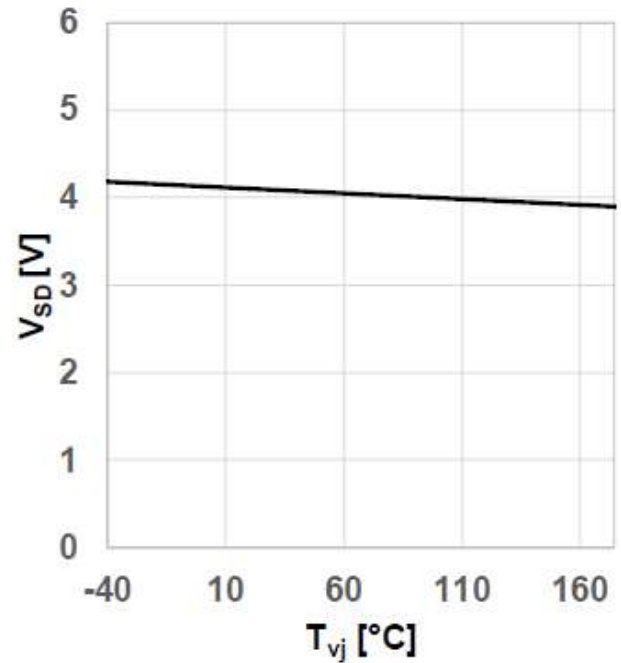
$$C = f(V_{DS}); V_{GS} = 0V; f = 1MHz$$

Diagram 7: Typical on-resistance as a function of junction temperature



$$R_{DS(ON)} = f(T_j); I_{DS} = 8.5A$$

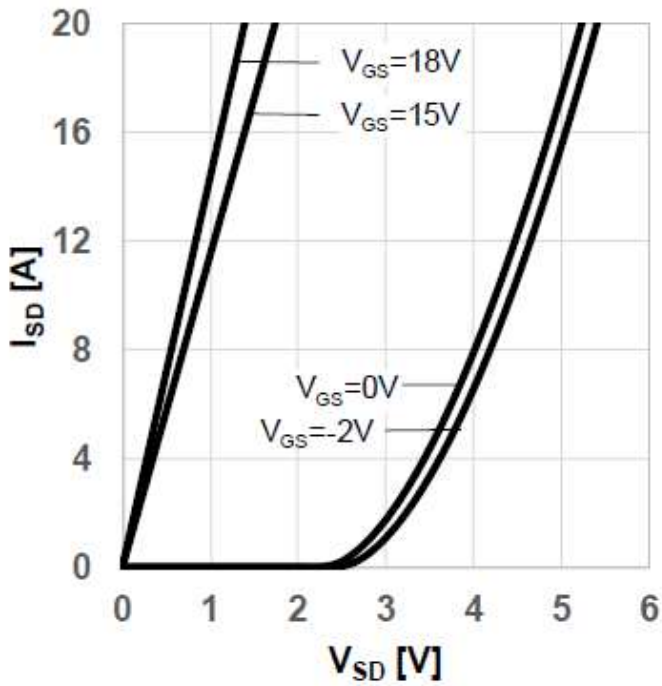
Diagram 8: Typical body diodes forward voltage as function of junction temperature



$$V_{SD} = f(T_j); V_{GS} = 0V; I_{SD} = 8.5A$$

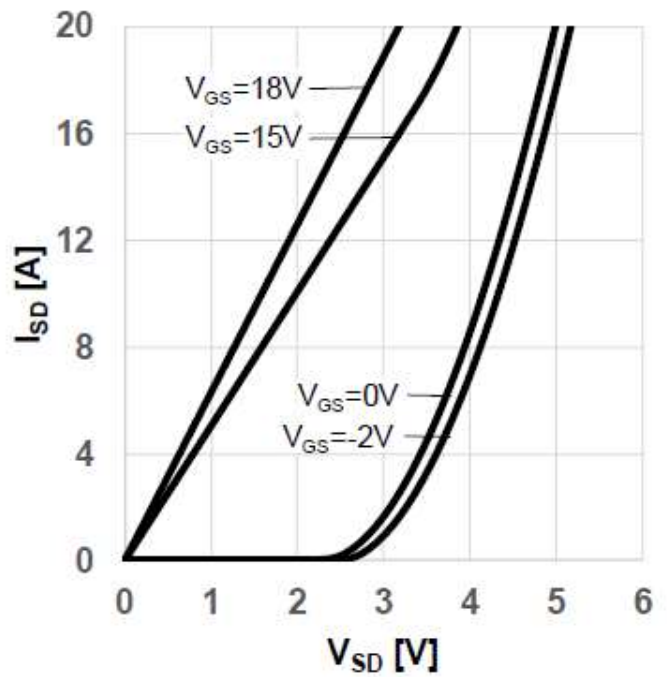
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Diagram 9: Typical body diodes forward current as function of forward voltage, V_{GS} as parameter



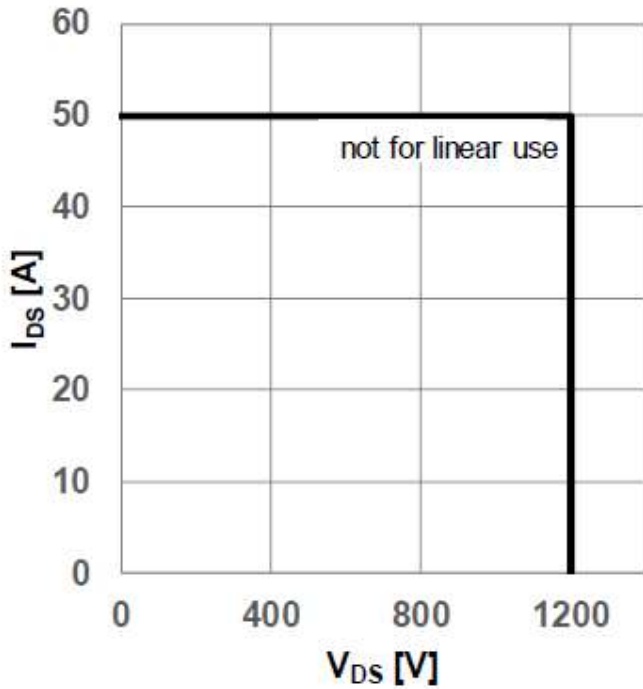
$$I_{SD}=f(V_{SD}); T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$$

Diagram 10: Typical body diodes forward current as function of forward voltage, V_{GS} as parameter



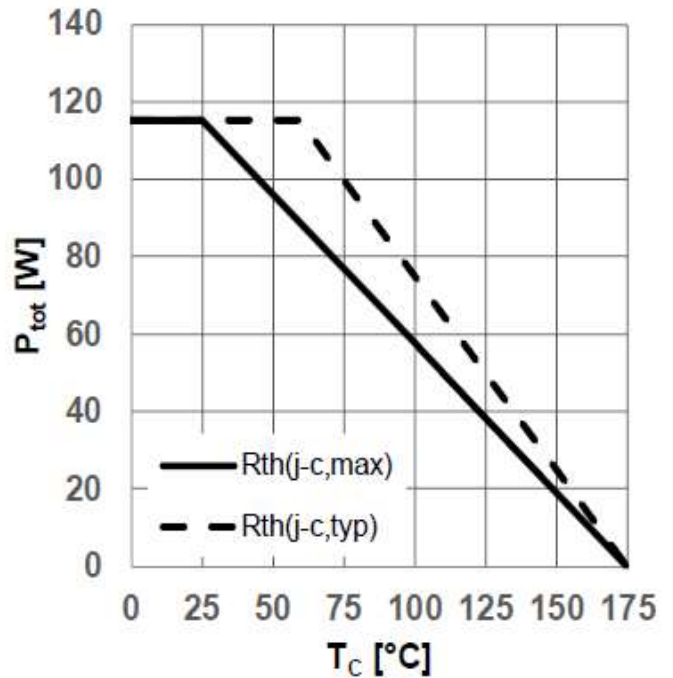
$$I_{SD}=f(V_{SD}); T_j=175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$$

Diagram 11: Safe operating area(SOA)



$$V_{GS}=0/18V; T_C=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}; T_j<175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$$

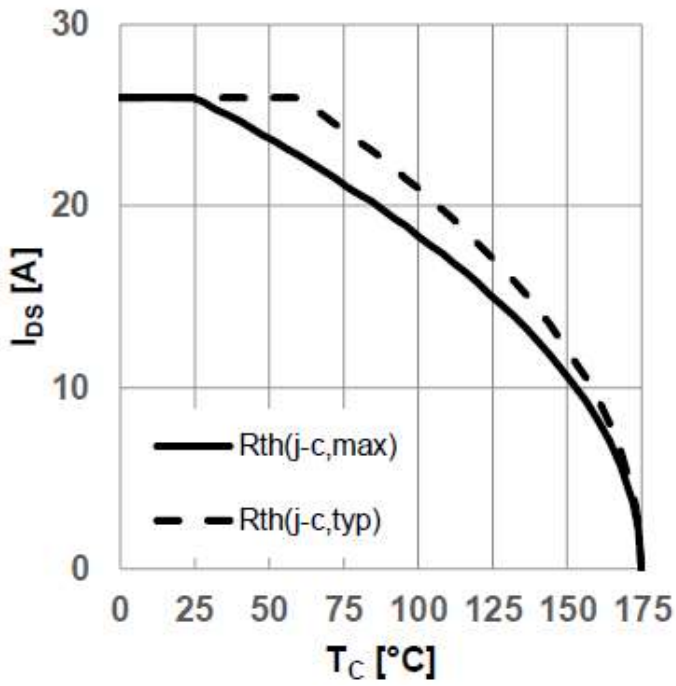
Diagram 12: Power dissipation as a function of case temperature limited by bond wire



$$P_{tot}=f(T_C)$$

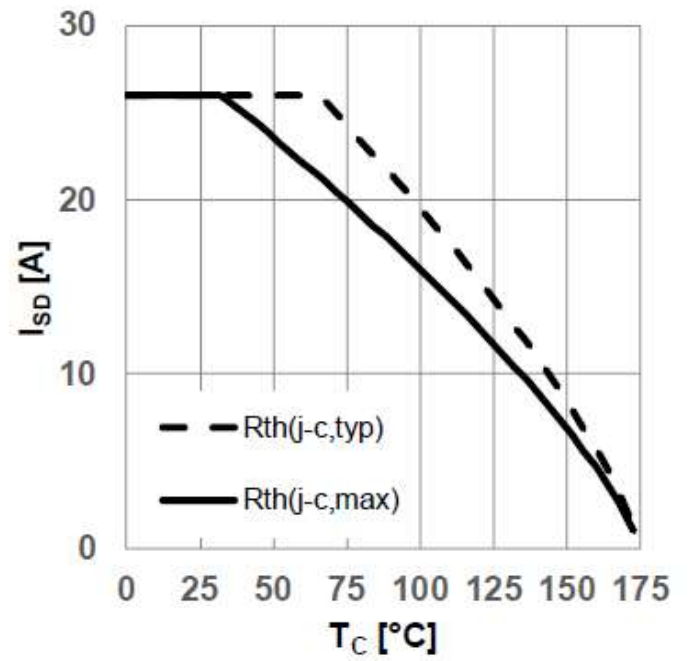
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Diagram 13: Maximum DC drain to source current as a function of case temperature limited by bond wire



$$I_{DS} = f(T_C)$$

Diagram 14: Maximum source to drain current as a function of case temperature limited by bond wire



$$I_{SD} = f(T_C), V_{GS} = 0V$$

5 Test Circuits

Table 8 Diode characteristics

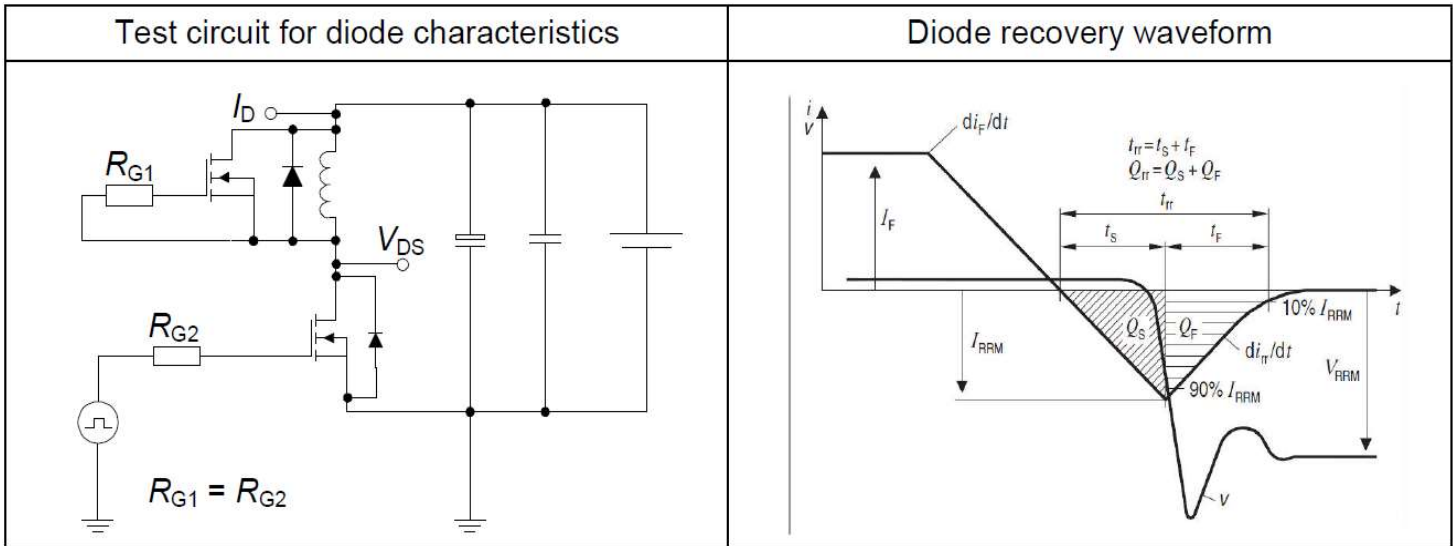
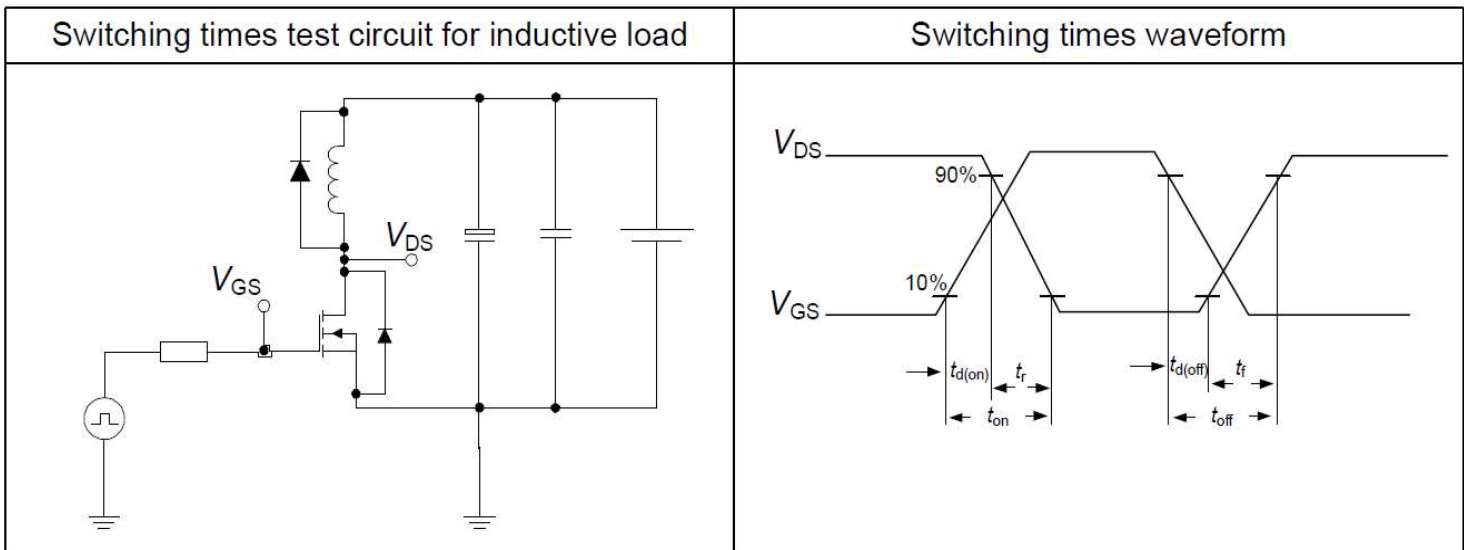
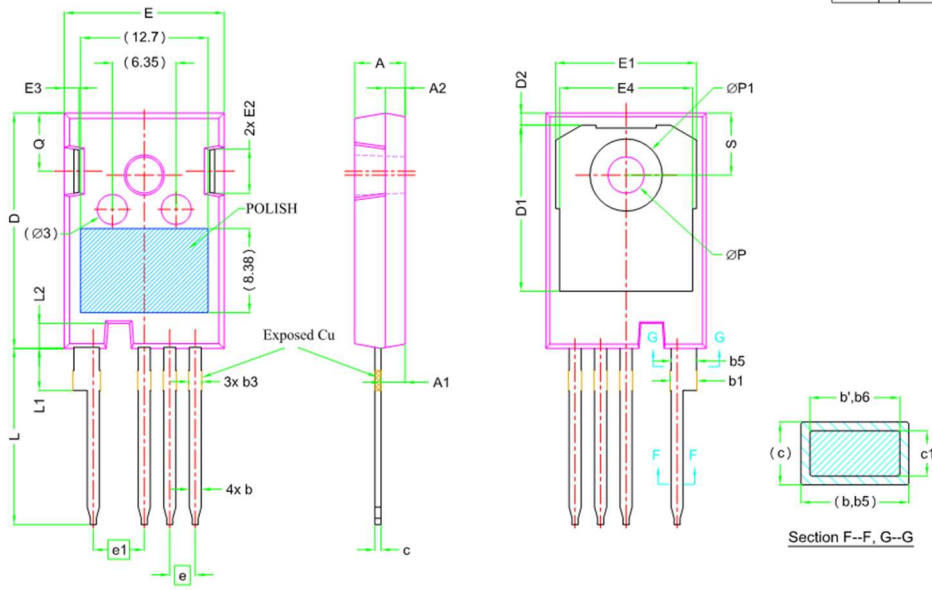


Table 9 Switching times



6 Package Outlines

TO-247-4L



SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS		
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A	4.83	5.02	5.21
A1	2.29	2.41	2.54
A2	1.91	2.00	2.16
b'	1.07	1.20	1.28
b	1.07	1.20	1.33
b1	2.39	2.67	2.94
b3	1.07	1.30	1.60
b5	2.39	2.53	2.69
b6	2.39	2.53	2.64
c	0.55	0.60	0.68
c1	0.55	0.60	0.65
D	23.30	23.45	23.60
D1	16.25	16.55	17.65
D2	0.95	1.19	1.25
E	15.75	15.94	16.13
E1	13.10	14.02	14.15
E2	3.68	4.40	5.10
E3	1.00	1.45	1.90
E4	12.38	13.26	13.43
e	2.54 BSC		
e1	5.08 BSC		
L	17.31	17.57	17.82
L1	3.97	4.19	4.37
L2	2.35	2.50	2.65
$\varnothing P$	3.51	3.61	3.65
$\varnothing P1$	7.19 REF.		
Q	5.49	5.79	6.00
S	6.04	6.17	6.30

Note:

1. Package Reference: JEDEC TO247, Variation AD.
2. All Dimensions Are In mm.
3. Slot Required, Notch May Be Rounded
4. Dimension D & E Do Not Include Mold Flash. Mold Flash Shall Not Exceed 0.127mm Pre Side. These Dimensions Are Measured At The Outermost Extreme Of The Plastic Body.
5. Thermal Pad Contour Optional Within Dimension D1 & E1.
6. Lead Finish Uncontrolled In L1.
7. $\varnothing P$ To Have A Maximum Draft Angle Of 1.5° To The Top Of The Part With A Maximum Hole Diameter Of 3.91mm.
8. Dimension "b2" And "b4" Does Not Include Dambar Protrusion. Allowable Dambar Protrusion Shall Be 0.10mm Total In Excess Of "b2" And "b4" Dimension At Maximum Material Condition.

Revision History

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
1.0	2022-01-19	Preliminary version